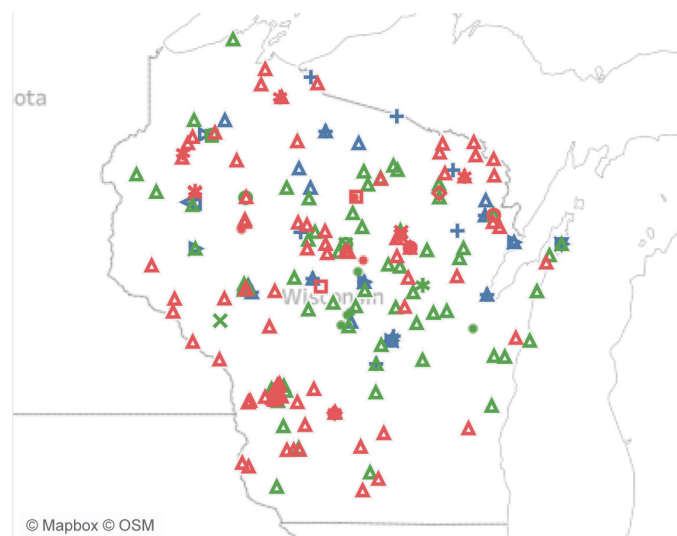




Timber Product Output and Use for: Wisconsin, 2019

Wisconsin forests accounted for a total of 346,925 thousand cubic feet (MCF) of timber products while the forest products industry produced a total of 336,793 MCF within the State.

This resource update contains the findings of a survey conducted on a sample of all primary wood-using mills in Wisconsin. It complements the Forest Inventory and Analysis (FIA) annual inventory of volume and removals. The survey was conducted to determine the amount and source of wood receipts and annual timber product imports/exports. Only primary wood-using mills were surveyed. Primary mills are those that process roundwood in log or bolt form or as chipped roundwood. Examples of industrial roundwood products are saw logs, pulpwood, veneer logs, poles, and logs used for composite board products. Mills producing products from residues generated at primary and secondary processors were not surveyed. Data used in this update were accessed from the FIA Timber Product Output database (see back page).



© Mapbox © OSM

- Biomass/energy plant
- Composite Panel/Engineered Wood Product (EWP) mill
- + Log home mill (include Viga and Latilla mills)
- ◇ Misc - concentration/export yard
- × Misc mill
- ▽ Piling mill
- △ Pole mill
- ▽ Post mill
- Pulp/Paper mill
- △ Saw mill (includes cooperage/stave, handle mills)
- * Veneer/plywood mill
- Hardwood
- Hardwood/Softwood
- Softwood

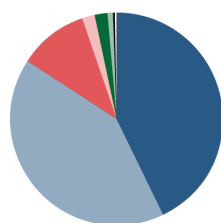


Wisconsin had a total production of 346,925 MCF in 2019.



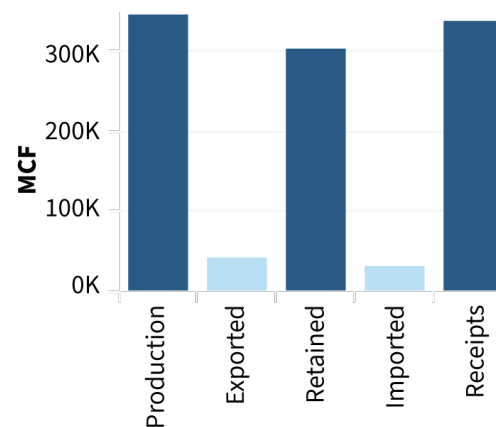
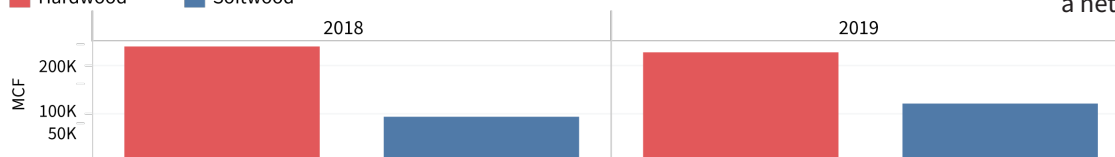
There were about 226 primary wood processing mills in the State.

Saw logs	42.9%	■
Pulpwood	41.5%	■
Composite panel	10.6%	■
Veneer logs	2.0%	■
Miscellaneous*	1.9%	■
Bioenergy/Fuelwood	0.8%	■
Poles/Posts/Pilings	0.2%	■



Total roundwood production

■ Hardwood ■ Softwood



Wisconsin imported 33,158 MCF into the State and exported 43,290 MCF out of the State making them a net exporter of roundwood.

Timber Product Output and Use for: Wisconsin, 2019

How to cite this publication

USDA Forest Service. 2025. **Timber Product Output and Use for Wisconsin, 2019**. Resource Update FS-557. Madison, WI: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, 2 p, <https://doi.org/10.2737/FS-RU-557>.

Archived Versions

This report can be found on the USDA Forest Service publication database (Treesearch at: <https://research.fs.usda.gov/treesearch>). Archived versions of resource updates can be found by searching Treesearch using keywords “Forest Inventory,” “Timber products,” and “Wisconsin”

Timber Product Output

The National Timber Product Output (TPO) section of the FIA program collects and reports estimates of industrial and nonindustrial uses of roundwood. Details of the TPO section and TPO data can be found here:

<https://research.fs.usda.gov/programs/nrum>.

Additional Resources

The application that produced this resource update was developed using data from the USDA Forest Service Forest Inventory and Analysis TPO database:

<https://public.tableau.com/views/TPOREPORTINGTOOL/MakeSelection?:showVizHome=no>. Factsheet estimates may not match table estimates due to data refinements after factsheet publication.

The FIA TPO one-click application can be found here:

<https://public.tableau.com/views/FIATPOOneClickFactsheet/StateSelection?:showVizHome=no>.

Additional information about the FIA program can be found here: <https://research.fs.usda.gov/programs/fia>.

Detailed information about the FIA program can be found here: Bechtold, W.A.; Patterson, P.L., eds. 2005. **The enhanced Forest Inventory and Analysis program—national sampling design and estimation procedures**. Gen. Tech. Rep. SRS-80. Asheville, NC: U.S. Department of Agriculture Forest Service, Southern Research Station. 85 p.

<https://doi.org/10.2737/SRS-GTR-80>.

Detailed information about the annual sample design can be found here: Coulston, John W.; Westfall, James A.; Wear, David N.; Edgar, Christopher B.; Prisley, Steven P.; Treiman, Thomas B.; Abt, Robert C.; Smith, W. Brad. 2018. **Annual monitoring of US timber production: rationale and design**. Forest Science. 64(5): 533-557.

<https://doi.org/10.1093/forsci/fxy010>.